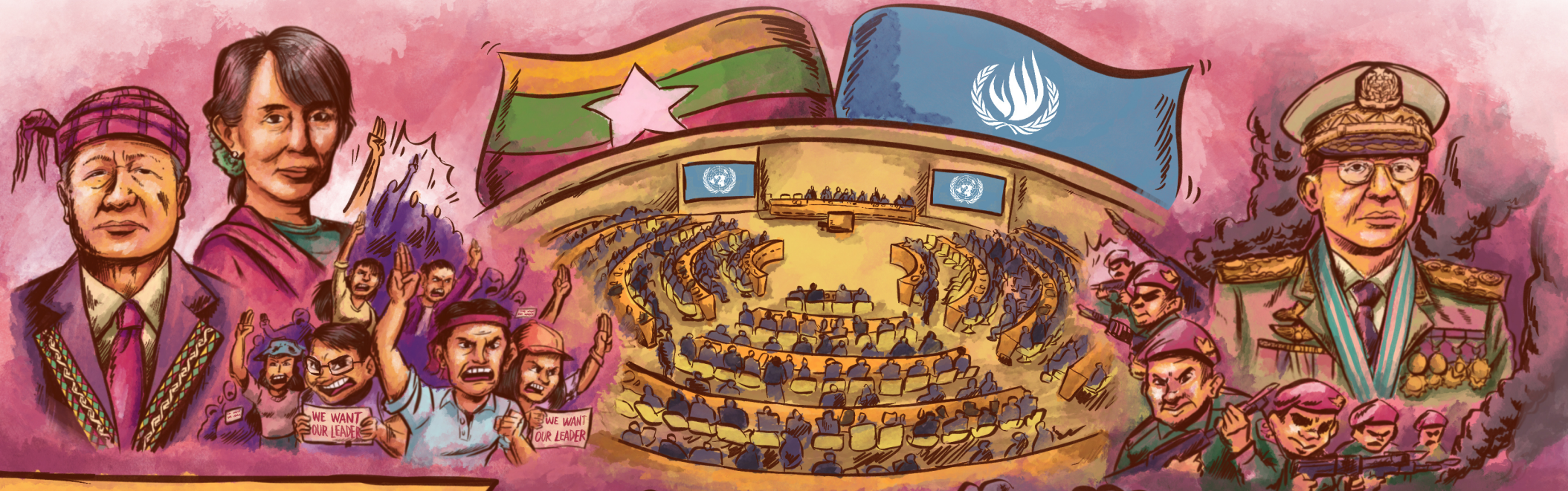


WHAT COUNTRIES ARE SAYING ABOUT MYANMAR AT THE UN HUMAN RIGHTS COUNCIL

ANALYSIS OF COUNTRY STATEMENTS: FEB 2021 - SEPT 2022



ISSUES RAISED

OUT OF
339
COUNTRY STATEMENTS
IN TOTAL.....

170 MENTION
VIOLENCE AND
EXTRAJUDICIAL
KILLINGS

113 RAISE CONCERNS ABOUT
THE MILITARY COUP

116 ON THE
SITUATION OF THE
ROHINGYAS

88 ADDRESS
THE
HUMANITARIAN
SITUATION

78 ON ARBITRARY ARREST
AND DETENTION

54 ON FREEDOM
OF EXPRESSION
AND ASSEMBLY

41 ON ISSUES
RELATED TO
WOMEN AND
CHILDREN

CONDEMNATIONS AND CONCERNS

THE HIGHEST DEGREE
OF CONDEMNATIONS
AND CONCERNS
WAS EXPRESSED BY
THE UK FOLLOWED
BY AUSTRALIA,
TURKEY, AND
FRANCE.

WE STRONGLY
CONDEMN THE
ATROCITIES
BY THE
MILITARY IN
MYANMAR

AUSTRALIA
CONDEMNS THE
USE OF VIOLENCE
AGAINST CIVILIANS
AND OTHER
EGREGIOUS
HUMAN RIGHTS
VIOLATIONS

IN ASIA,
REPUBLIC OF KOREA
EXPRESSED THE MOST
CONDEMNATIONS AND
CONCERNS, FOLLOWED
BY MALAYSIA

AMONG AFRICAN COUNTRIES,
SIERRA LEONE,
MAURITANIA AND
MALAWI ARE THE MOST
VOCAL IN EXPRESSING
CONCERNS AND CONDEMNING
THE JUNTA.

MANY COUNTRIES IN
AFRICA, CENTRAL
ASIA, CENTRAL AND
LATIN AMERICA, AND
THE PACIFIC REMAIN
SILENT ABOUT
MYANMAR AT
THE HRC

RUSSIA, BELARUS,
CHINA, AND
VENEZUELA ARE
ATTEMPTING TO
SUPPORT THE
MILITARY JUNTA
AND LEGITIMISE
THE COUP.

COUNTRIES MOST ACTIVE IN CALLING FOR ACTIONS

481
CALLS
IN TOTAL



FIGURES INDICATE THE NUMBER OF CALLS FROM EACH COUNTRY. THIS MAP INCLUDES ONLY COUNTRIES WITH MORE THAN 25 CALLS.



ACTIONS CALLED FOR

169 CALLS TO END PERSECUTION, INCLUDING ARBITRARY DETENTION



168 CALLS ON THE JUNTA TO STOP USING VIOLENCE



105 CALLS FOR REINSTATEMENT OF CIVILIAN GOVERNMENT



68 CALLS ON THE JUNTA TO UNBLOCK ACCESS TO HUMANITARIAN AID



41 CALLS FOR ACTION ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF ASEAN'S FIVE-POINT CONSENSUS

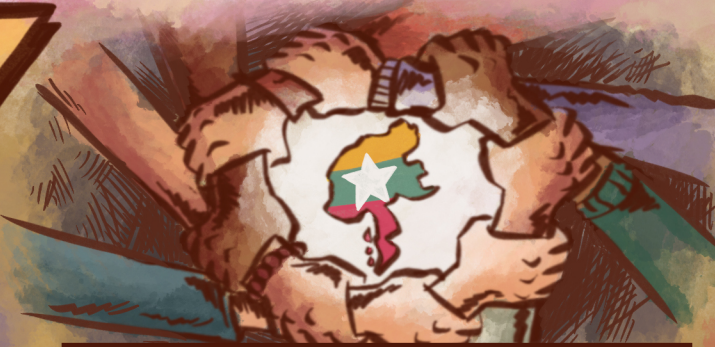


ACTIONS LEAST CALLED FOR

ONLY 19 MENTIONS OF ARMS EMBARGO IMPOSITION



17 CALLS TO INCREASE INTERNATIONAL HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE



8 CALLS TO STOP THE DEATH PENALTY



6 CALLS FOR ECONOMIC MEASURES OTHER THAN SANCTIONS



2 CALLS DEMANDING SANCTIONS ON THE MILITARY



2 CALLS SUPPORTING THE NATIONAL UNITY GOVERNMENT (NUG)



ACTORS CALLED UPON

231 CALLS (48%) - NOT SPECIFIED



UN MEMBER STATES

26 CALLS (5%) TO UN MEMBER STATES



ONLY 4 CALLS ARE ADDRESSED TO ASEAN



179 (37%) CALLS CLEARLY IDENTIFY THE MYANMAR MILITARY AS THE ACTOR RESPONSIBLE



29 CALLS (6%) TO THE UN IN GENERAL



ONLY 3 CALLS TO CORPORATIONS ON ACCOUNTABILITY FOR COMPLICITY IN CRIMES.

GENERAL TENDENCIES

RUSSIA, CHINA, AND VENEZUELA TWIST CONCEPTS SUCH AS SELF-DETERMINATION, SOVEREIGNTY AND NON-INTERFERENCE TO LEGITIMISE THE JUNTA AND UNDERMINE THE WORK OF THE UNITED NATIONS.



BELARUS CONSISTENTLY OPPOSES THE CREATION OF A COUNTRY-SPECIFIC MANDATE FOR MYANMAR, CITING ITS INEFFECTIVENESS.



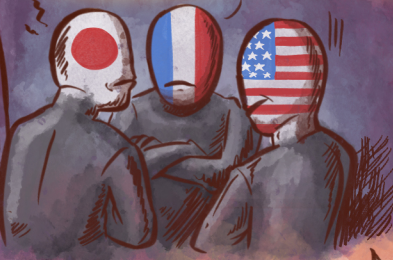
ASEAN COUNTRIES ARE MOSTLY HESITANT TO CONDEMN THE JUNTA'S HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSES, AND FOCUS ON THE FIVE-POINT CONSENSUS, AND THE CALL FOR HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE.

ROHINGYAS!

MEMBERS OF THE ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC) ARE STRONG ON THE ISSUE OF THE ROHINGYAS, BUT ARE SILENT ON OTHER ABUSES



WHILE ACTIVE IN ADDRESSING THE MILITARY JUNTA'S ATROCITIES, JAPAN, FRANCE, AND THE US ARE SILENT ON THE ROHINGYAS.



COUNTRIES TEND TO LUMP VULNERABLE GROUPS TOGETHER SUCH AS "WOMEN AND CHILDREN," AND "THE ROHINGYAS AND OTHER ETHNIC MINORITIES", EVEN WHEN CLEAR DISTINCTION AND DIFFERENTIATION ARE REQUIRED.



LUXEMBOURG IS THE ONLY COUNTRY THAT HAS CALLED FOR ALL THREE ACTIONS: ARMS EMBARGO, SANCTIONS ON THE MILITARY, AND OTHER ECONOMIC MEASURES. THE PHILIPPINES, MEANWHILE, HAS ARGUED AGAINST SANCTIONS ONCE.



WHILE BEING VOCAL IN CALLING OUT HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSES, FRANCE, GERMANY, AND THE UK ARE SILENT ON IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS.

TRENDS OVER TIME

FEB 2021



SEPT 2022

FEB 2021



SEPT 2022

THE DEGREE OF CONDEMNATIONS AND CONCERNS BY COUNTRIES HAVE GENERALLY BEEN DECREASING

ATTENTION IN SEVERAL THEMATIC ISSUES HAVE KEPT INCREASING, INCLUDING THE HUMAN RIGHTS OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN, AND THE SITUATION OF THE ROHINGYAS

THERE HAS BEEN A FALL IN CONCERNS OVER OTHER THEMATIC ISSUES, PARTICULARLY THE MILITARY COUP, ARBITRARY ARRESTS AND DETENTION, AND FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION, ASSEMBLY, AND ASSOCIATION.

FEB 2021

MAR 2022

SEPT 2022



CALLS HAVE BEEN DECREASING FOR:



RECOGNITION AND REINSTITUTION OF THE LAWFULLY ELECTED CIVILIAN GOVERNMENT.



RELEASE OF POLITICAL PRISONERS.

CALLS TO UNBLOCK ACCESS TO HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE, AND IN SUPPORT OF ARMS EMBARGO PEAKED DURING THE 49TH REGULAR SESSION OF THE HRC IN MARCH 2022.

CALLS TO END THE DEATH PENALTY EMERGED IN THE 50TH REGULAR SESSION AFTER THE JUNTA ANNOUNCED PLANS TO EXECUTE FOUR POLITICAL ACTIVISTS. THESE CALLS WERE REITERATED IN THE 51ST REGULAR SESSION AFTER THE EXECUTIONS WERE CARRIED OUT.



RESPECT FOR THE RIGHT OF ACCESS TO INFORMATION.



RESPECT FOR THE RULE OF LAW, DEMOCRACY, HUMAN RIGHTS, AND PEACE